## How To: Create a Written Record of Classroom Interventions

When general-education students begin to struggle with academic or behavioral issues, the classroom teacher will typically select and implement one or more evidence-based intervention strategies to assist those students. But a strong intervention plan needs more than just well-chosen interventions. It also requires 4 additional components (Witt, VanDerHeyden, & Gilbertson, 2004): (1) student concerns should be clearly and specifically defined; (2) one or more methods of formative assessment should be used to track the effectiveness of the intervention; (3) baseline student data should be collected prior to the intervention; and (4) a goal for student improvement should be calculated before the start of the intervention to judge whether that intervention is ultimately successful. If a single one of these essential 4 components is missing, the intervention is to be judged as fatally flawed (Witt, VanDerHeyden, & Gilbertson, 2004) and as not meeting minimum Response to Intervention standards.

Teachers need a standard format to use in documenting their classroom intervention plans. The *Classroom Intervention Planning Sheet* that appears later in this article is designed to include all of the essential documentation elements of an effective intervention plan. The form includes space to document:

- *Case information.* In this first section of the form, the teacher notes general information, such as the name of the target student, the adult(s) responsible for carrying out the intervention, the date the intervention plan is being created, the expected start and end dates for the intervention plan, and the total number of instructional weeks that the intervention will be in place. Most importantly, this section includes a description of the student problem; research shows that the most significant step in selecting an effective classroom intervention is to correctly identify the target student concern(s) in clear, specific, measureable terms (Bergan, 1995).
- Intervention. The teacher describes the evidence-based intervention(s) that will be used to address the identified student concern(s). As a shortcut, the instructor can simply write the intervention name in this section and attach a more detailed intervention script/description to the intervention plan.
- *Materials.* The teacher lists any materials (e.g., flashcards, wordlists, worksheets) or other resources (e.g., Internet-connected computer) necessary for the intervention.
- *Training.* If adults and/or the target student require any training prior to the intervention, the teacher records those training needs in this section of the form.
- *Progress-Monitoring.* The teacher selects a method to monitor student progress during the intervention. For the method selected, the instructor records what type of data is to be used, collects and enters student baseline (starting-point) information, calculates an intervention outcome goal, and notes how frequently he or she plans to monitor the intervention.

A completed example of the *Classroom Intervention Planning Sheet* that includes a math computation intervention can be found later in this article.

While a simple intervention documentation form is a helpful planning tool, schools should remember that teachers will need other resources and types of assistance as well to be successful in selecting and using classroom interventions. For example, teachers should have access to an 'intervention menu' that contains evidence-based strategies to address the most common academic and behavioral concerns and should be able to get coaching support as they learn how to implement new classroom intervention ideas.

#### References

Bergan, J. R. (1995). Evolution of a problem-solving model of consultation. *Journal of Educational and Psychological Consultation*, *6(2)*, 111-123.

Witt, J. C., VanDerHeyden, A. M., & Gilbertson, D. (2004). Troubleshooting behavioral interventions. A systematic process for finding and eliminating problems. *School Psychology Review*, *33*, 363-383.

# www.interventioncentral.org

Classroom Intervention Planning Sheet This worksheet is designed to help teachers to quickly create classroom plans for academic and behavioral interventions.

Case Information					
What to Write: Record the important case information, including student, person delivering the intervention, date of plan, start and					
end dates for the intervention plan, and the total number of instructional weeks that the intervention will run.					
				Date Intervention	
Student:		Interventionist(s):		Plan Was Written:	
		.,			
Date		Date Intervention		Total Number of	
Intervention		is to End:		Intervention	
is to Start:				Weeks:	

Description of the Student Problem:

### Intervention

What to Write: Write a brief description of the intervention(s) to be used with this student. TIP: If you have a script for this intervention, you can just write its name here and attach the script to this sheet.

Materials	Training
What to Write: Jot down materials (e.g., flashcards) or resources (e.g., Internet-connected computer) needed to carry out this intervention.	What to Write: Note what trainingif anyis needed to prepare adult(s) and/or the student to carry out the intervention.

Progress-Monitoring				
What to Write: Select a method to monitor student progress on this intervention. For the method selected, record what type of data is to be used, enter student baseline (starting-point) information, calculate an intervention outcome goal, and note how frequently you plan to monitor the intervention. Tip: Several ideas for classroom data collection appear on the right side of this table.				
Type of Data Used to Monitor:	<ul> <li>Ideas for Intervention Progress-Monitorir</li> <li>Existing data: grades, homework logs, et</li> </ul>			
Baseline	Outcome Goal	<ul> <li>Cumulative mastery log</li> <li>Rubric</li> <li>Curriculum-based measurement</li> <li>Behavior report card</li> </ul>		
How often will data be collected? (e.g.,	daily, every other day, weekly):	Behavior checklist		

1

# www.interventioncentral.org

## **Classroom Intervention Planning Sheet**

This worksheet is designed to help teachers to quickly create classroom plans for academic and behavioral interventions.

Case Information					
What to Write: Record the important case information, including student, person delivering the intervention, date of plan, start and end dates for the intervention plan, and the total number of instructional weeks that the intervention will run.					
Student:	Angela D.		Mrs. DePaulo Ms. Samson	Date Intervention Plan Was Written:	0an 7, 2010
Date Intervention is to Start:	Jan 11, 2016	Date Intervention is to End:	Feb 19, 2016	Total Number of Intervention Weeks:	6 weeks
		Angela is uncooperative when directed to complete independent seatwork, especially with the room TA, Ms. Samson.			

#### Intervention

What to Write: Write a brief description of the intervention(s) to be used with this student. TIP: If you have a script for this intervention, you can just write its name here and attach the script to this sheet.

START BEHAVIORS: Use Scheduled Attention during academic tasks (about 5 minute intervals) to give positive attention for appropriate behaviors

STOP BEHAVIOR PLAN. Use Contingent Instructions to minimize teacher attention when redirecting the student from playing with objects to academic task

Materials	Training
What to Write: Jot down materials (e.g., flashcards) or resources (e.g., Internet-connected computer) needed to carry out this intervention.	What to Write: Note what trainingif anyis needed to prepare adult(s) and/or the student to carry out the intervention.
for scheduled attention.	Teacher and TA will review guidelines for Scheduled Attention and Contingent Instructions to ensure agreement about how to implement both interventions.

Progress-Monitoring					
What to Write: Select a method to monitor student progress on this intervention. For the method selected, record what type of data is to be used, enter student baseline (starting-point) information, calculate an intervention outcome goal, and note how frequently you plan to monitor the intervention. Tip: Several ideas for classroom data collection appear on the right side of this table.					
Type of Data Used to Monitor: Behavior Report Card			Ideas for Intervention Progress-Monitoring Existing data: grades, homework logs, etc.		
Baseline	Outcome Goal	•	Cumulative mastery log		
Engaged in seatwork:1 or fewer redirects: Y 1 of 5 days	Wk6: Engaged in seatwork:1 or fewer redirects: Y 4 of 5 days	•	Rubric Curriculum-based measurement Behavior report card		
How often will data be collected? (e.g., daily, every other day, weekly):			Behavior checklist		
BRC completed daily during Independent Seatwork period					